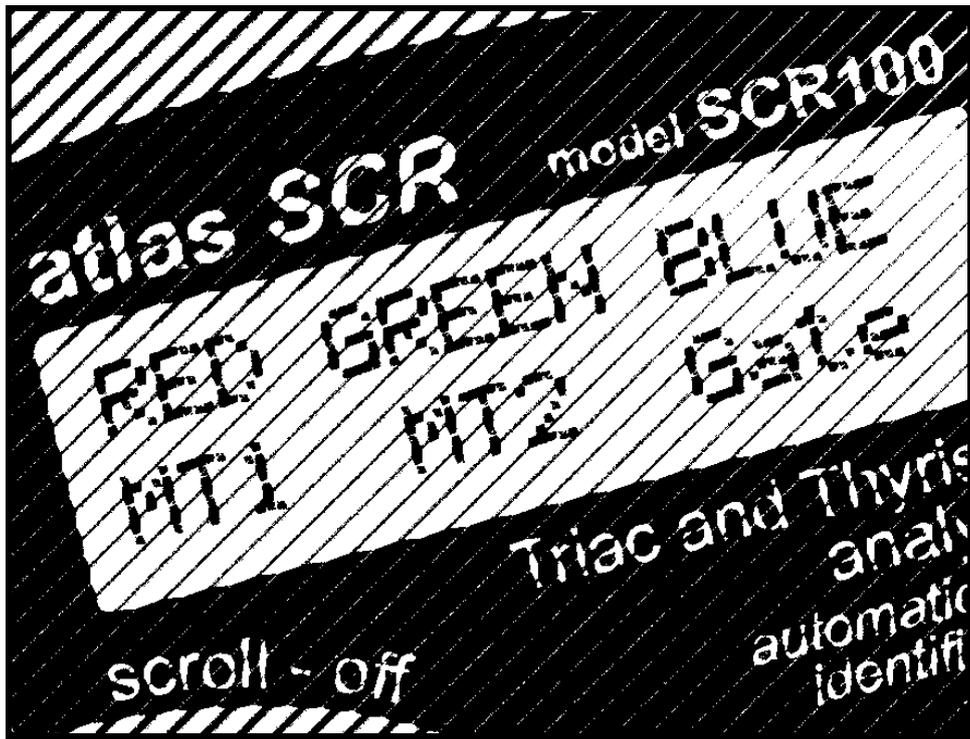


Atlas SCR

Triac and Thyristor Analyser
Model SCR100



Designed and manufactured with pride in the UK

User Guide

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In the interests of development, information in this guide is subject to change without notice - E&OE



Want to use it now?

We understand that you want to use your *Atlas SCR* right now. The unit is ready to go and you should have little need to refer to this user guide, but please make sure that you do at least take a look at the notices on page 4!

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Introduction

The *Atlas SCR* is an advanced instrument designed specifically for the analysis of SCR (Thyristor) and Triac devices.

Summary Features:

- Automatic component identification (Thyristor or Triac).
- Automatic pinout identification.
- Displays actual trigger (gate) current classification.
- Measures gate voltage during trigger.
- Fixed load current of 100mA.
- Unique automatic boost function ensures a device test voltage of 12V regardless of battery condition.
- Suitable for devices requiring gate currents up to 90mA.
- Automatic and manual power-off.

Safety Considerations

WARNING:

This instrument must NEVER be connected to powered equipment/components or equipment/components with any stored energy (e.g. charged capacitors).

Failure to comply with this warning may result in personal injury, damage to the equipment under test, damage to the *Atlas SCR* and invalidation of the manufacturer's warranty.

“Analysis of discrete, unconnected components is recommended.”

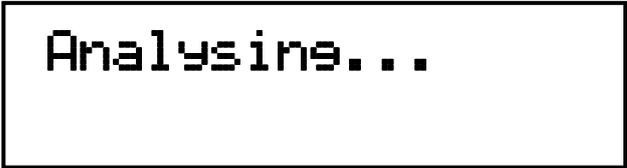


The *Atlas SCR* is designed to provide accurate and reliable information for the majority of supported component types (SCRs and Triacs) as described in the technical specifications. Testing of other component types or component networks may give erroneous and misleading results.

Analysing Components

The Peak *Atlas SCR* is designed to analyse discrete, unconnected, unpowered components. This ensures that external connections don't influence the measured parameters. The three test probes can be connected to the component any way round.

The *Atlas SCR* will start component analysis when the *on/test* button is pressed.



Analysing...

The analysis typically takes less than a second to complete, after which the results of the analysis are displayed. Information is displayed a “page” at a time, each page can be displayed by briefly pressing the *scroll/off* button.

If the *Atlas SCR* cannot recognise the component connected to the test probes, or the component under test is outside the specifications covered by this instrument, the following message will be displayed:



No SCR or Triac
Detected.

Note:



The arrow symbol on the display indicates that more pages are available to be viewed.

The unit will switch off automatically after a period of inactivity, however the unit can be switched off manually too by pressing and holding the *scroll/off* button for around 1 second.

Silicon Controlled rectifiers (Thyristors)



The *Atlas SCR* will analyse almost any SCR provided that a gate trigger current of no more than 90mA is required.

The three test clips can be connected to the device under test any way round. If the *Atlas SCR* detects an SCR, the following message will be displayed:

```
SCR detected
Details follow +
```

```
RED GREEN BLUE
Anod Cath Gate +
```

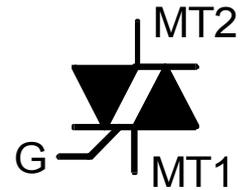
Pressing the *scroll/off* button will then display the pinout details for the device.

In this example, the Anode of the SCR is connected to the Red test clip, the Cathode is connected to the Green test clip, and the Gate terminal is connected to the Blue test clip. The gate trigger current is displayed on the next screen.

Note that SCRs are often only specified to have a certain maximum trigger current – the actual (tested) trigger current may be well below that value.

```
Trigger current
IG=50 to 60mA +
```

Triacs



The *Atlas SCR* will analyse almost any Triac, provided that it requires a gate trigger current of no more than 90mA. The three test clips can be connected to the device under test any way round. If the *Atlas SCR* detects a Triac, the following message will be displayed:

```
Triac detected
Details follow +
```

Note: The device under test will be analysed in quadrants 1 and 3. The definition of these quadrants is given later in this guide.

```
RED GREEN BLUE
MT1 MT2 Gate +
```

Pressing the *scroll/off* button will then display the pinout details for the device.

In this example, the MT1 terminal of the Triac is connected to the Red test clip, the MT2 terminal is connected to the Green test clip, and the Gate terminal is connected to the Blue test clip. The gate trigger current is displayed on the next screen. Note that Triacs are often only specified to have a certain maximum trigger current – the actual (measured) trigger current may be well below that value.

```
Trigger current
IG=10 to 25mA +
```

The gate trigger current¹ displayed is that for quadrant 3. (Quadrant 1 will usually be very similar).

The load current at which the Triac was tested is also displayed. This value is fixed for all devices, and simply serves as a reminder. The  symbol indicates that this is the final page of information. Pressing the *scroll/off* button again will return the display to the first page of information.

Note 1. See the “Gate Sensitivity” section later in this guide.

Notes on SCRs and Triacs

Silicon Controlled Rectifiers (Thyristors)

SCR Turn-On

SCRs (Thyristors) act as a controlled diode. They block reverse current at all times, and they conduct in the forward direction only when triggered by a pulse of current to the control (gate) terminal. Once triggered, the SCR will continue to conduct current in the forward direction until the device is turned off.

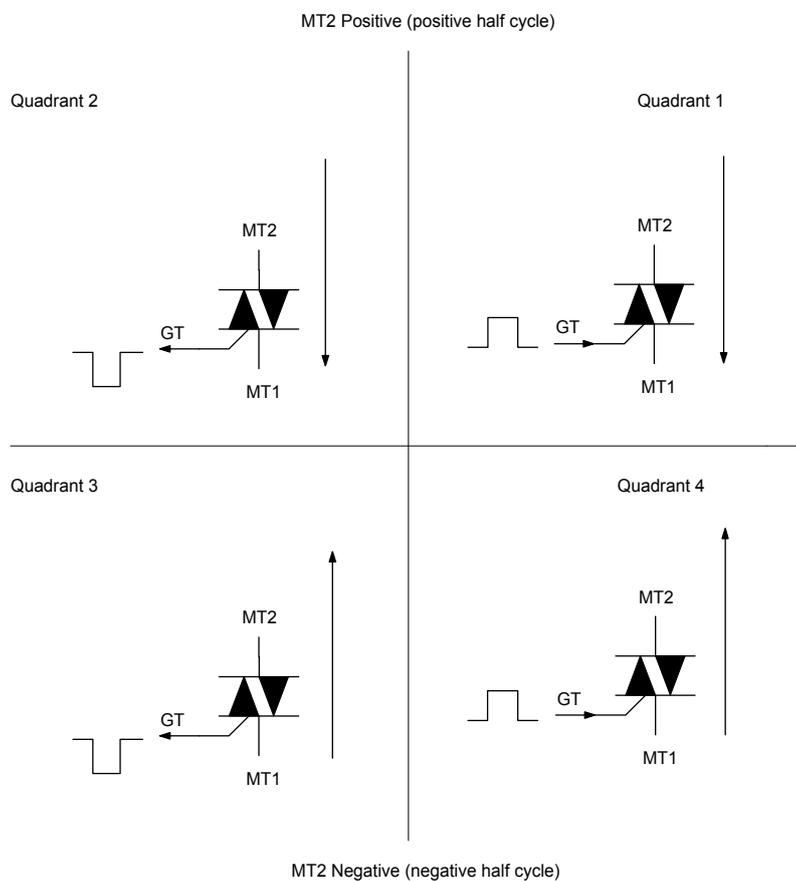
SCR Turn-Off

In order to turn off a triggered SCR, it is necessary to reduce the main terminal current below the holding current for typically 5-200 μ S. Shorter periods may leave insufficient time for free charge carriers to recombine, and thus when main current is reapplied, the device may remain triggered.

Notes on SCRs and Triacs

Triacs

Triacs are a well established technology, designed specifically for the solid-state control of AC loads. They offer bi-directional load current switching (for both half cycles of the mains supply) and also bi-directional gate current capability to trigger the device. The combinations of the load currents and gate control currents are referred to as “quadrants”. These quadrants are shown below:



The main load current is handled by the connections MT1 and MT2. The device is switched to the on state by a current into (or out of) the gate terminal with respect to the MT1 terminal.

Once triggered, main load current will continue to flow until a zero-cross in the mains cycle is encountered, at this point the device switches off. Therefore, if the device is to be kept on, a continuous gate current must be provided or at least a gate current pulse that occurs

immediately after each mains zero-cross.

Many triacs however are only capable of operating reliably in 3 of the 4 quadrants. (In particular, Q1, Q2 and Q3). Quadrant 4 (negative gate current and negative load current) can be troublesome with some triacs, suffering from poor gate sensitivity and slow response.

Gate Sensitivity

The Peak *Atlas SCR* attempts to trigger the device under test at nine discrete gate currents, in ascending order.

Trigger test level 1	100 μ A	 First test Last test
Trigger test level 2	1mA	
Trigger test level 3	10mA	
Trigger test level 4	25mA	
Trigger test level 5	35mA	
Trigger test level 6	50mA	
Trigger test level 7	60mA	
Trigger test level 8	75mA	
Trigger test level 9	90mA	

As an example, a reported trigger current of 10-25mA means that device triggering occurred at a gate current of 25mA, but not at 10mA. Therefore the trigger current for the device under test is between 10mA and 25mA.

Although Triacs are tested in both quadrants 1 and 3, the reported gate trigger current is that which applies to quadrant 3.

Gate Voltage

If the *Atlas SCR* has successfully tested a triac or thyristor, it will be able to display the gate voltage as well as the gate sensitivity.

The gate voltage is the voltage measured across the gate and the cathode (for a thyristor) or across the gate and MT1 for a triac. The voltage is measured during the time that the device under test has actually triggered.

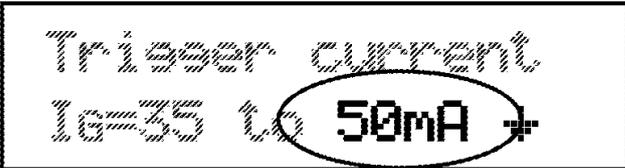
An example of the displayed value is shown here:



Gate voltage
UG=0.73V @ 50mA+

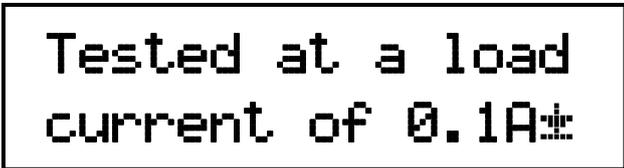
Note that the gate voltage is measured at the upper end of the displayed gate trigger current.

For example, if the gate sensitivity is shown as 35 to 50mA, then the displayed gate voltage will be the voltage measured during a gate current of 50mA.



Trigger current
35 to 50mA+

The gate voltage may also be dependent on the load current, for the *Atlas SCR*, the load current is fixed at 100mA, higher load currents may result in a higher gate voltage.

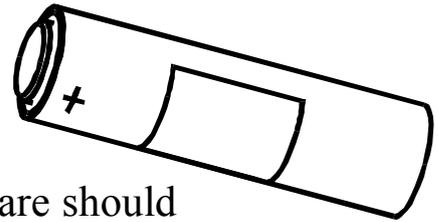


Tested at a load
current of 0.1A+

The load current at which SCRs and Triacs are tested is displayed. This value is fixed for all devices, and simply serves as a reminder.

The  symbol indicates that this is the final page of information. Pressing the *scroll/off* button again will return the display to the first page of information.

Care of your Atlas SCR



The Peak *Atlas SCR* should provide many years of service if used in accordance with this user guide. Care should be taken not to expose your unit to excessive heat, shock or moisture. Additionally, the battery should be replaced at least every 12 months to reduce the risk of leak damage.

As battery voltage falls over time, the automatic boost function will ensure that the test voltage is maintained at 12V. For progressively lower battery voltages the boost function will take longer to achieve the target of 12V and the following may be displayed:

```
Analysing...  
May be slow!
```

If the boost function cannot generate the required test voltage then the following message is displayed:

```
Very Low Battery  
Please replace.
```

Replacement of the battery is then mandatory. The *Atlas SCR* will not continue to operate if this condition is encountered.

New batteries can be purchased from many retailers and directly from Peak Electronic Design Ltd or an authorised agent.

Battery types: Suitable battery type is Alkaline AAA or LR03 (1.5v). Rechargeable batteries or Zinc-Carbon batteries are not recommended.

Battery access: To replace the battery, unscrew the three screws to remove the rear panel. Remove the old battery and insert a new one, taking care to observe the correct polarity. Carefully replace the rear panel, do not over-tighten the screws.

Peak Safe Battery Disposal Scheme: Please return your old analyser battery to Peak Electronic Design Ltd for safe and environmentally responsible disposal.

Self Test Procedure

Each time the *Atlas SCR* is powered up, a self test procedure is performed. In addition to a battery voltage test, the unit measures the performance of many internal functions such as the voltage and current sources, amplifiers, analogue to digital converters and test lead multiplexers. If any of these function measurements fall outside tight performance limits, a message will be displayed and the unit will switch off automatically.

If the problem was caused by a temporary condition, such as applying power to the test clips, then simply restarting the *Atlas SCR* may clear the problem.

Error M6

If a persistent problem does arise, it is likely that damage has been caused by an external event such as excessive power being applied to the test clips or a large static discharge taking place. If the problem persists, please contact us for further advice, quoting the displayed fault code.



If there is a low battery condition, the automatic self test procedure may not be performed.

Appendix A – Accessories

A range of useful additions is available to enhance your *Atlas SCR*.

Carry Case

A specially designed case with custom made foam compartments and a smart tough exterior is ideal for protecting your *Atlas SCR* and probes. There is even space for a spare battery.

Replacement Probes

If your probes become damaged, you may wish to purchase a new set of probes.

Replacement Battery

Replacement batteries are available from Peak Electronic Design Limited, your agent or any good electronic store.

All accessories are available from Peak Electronic Design Limited or an authorised agent.

Appendix B - Technical Specifications

All values are at 25°C unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Note
Peak test current into S/C		100mA	120mA	1
Peak test voltage across O/C	11.0V	12.0V	12.5V	1,2
Gate trigger current range (I_{GT})	0.1mA		90mA	
Gate voltage resolution (V_{GT})		20mV		
Battery type	AAA 1.5V Alkaline			
Battery voltage range	0.8V	1.5V	1.7V	
Low battery warning		1.1V		
Inactivity power-down period	25 seconds			
Dimensions (enclosure)	103 x 70 x 20 mm			
Operating temperature range	10°C		35°C	3

1. Between any pair of test clips.
2. For battery voltage greater than 0.9V.
3. Subject to acceptable LCD visibility.

Warranty Information

Peak Satisfaction Guarantee

If for any reason you are not completely satisfied with the Peak *Atlas SCR* within 14 days of purchase you may return the unit to your distributor. You will receive a refund covering the full purchase price if the unit is returned in perfect condition.

Peak Warranty

The warranty is valid for 24 months from date of purchase. This warranty covers the cost of repair or replacement due to defects in materials and/or manufacturing faults.

The warranty does not cover malfunction or defects caused by:

- a) Operation outside the scope of the user guide.
- b) Unauthorised access or modification of the unit (except for battery replacement).
- c) Accidental physical damage or abuse.
- d) Normal wear and tear.

The customer's statutory rights are not affected by any of the above.

All claims must be accompanied by a proof of purchase.

At Peak Electronic Design Ltd we are committed to continual product development and improvement.
The specifications of our products are therefore subject to change without notice.

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