velleman® HIGH-Q -kit

DIGITAL PC SCOPE

Digital storage oscilloscoop, using a computer and its monitor to display waveforms. All standard oscilloscope functions are available in the Windows program supplied.

Total solder points: 625
Difficulty level: *beginner* 1 ☐ 2 ☐ 3 ☐ 4 ☐ 5 ☒ *advanced*

K8031

Features :

☑ 1 channel
☑ input impedance: 1Mohm / 30pF
☑ frequency response: 0Hz to 12MHz (± 3dB)
☑ step markers for voltage, time and frequency
☑ vertical resolution: 8 bit
☑ auto setup function
☑ optically isolated from computer
☑ record and display of screens & data
☑ supply voltage: 9 - 10Vdc / 500mA
☑ dimensions: 230 x 165 x 45mm (9" x 6.5" x 1.8")
☑ weight: 400g (14oz)

Minimum system requirements:

- IBM compatible PC
- Windows 95, 98, ME, (Win2000 or NT possible)
- SVGA display card (min. 800x600)
- mouse
- free printer port LPT1, LPT2 or LPT3
- CD Rom player

Specifications

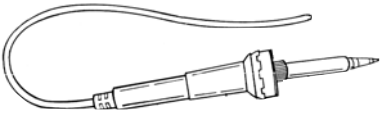
oscilloscope:
- timebase: 0.1µs to 100ms per division
- trigger source: CH1 or free run
- trigger level: adjustable per ½ division
- input sensitivity: 10mV to 3V per division
- record length: 4079 samples
- sampling frequency: 800Hz to 32MHz (Real time)
- true RMS readout (only AC component)

transient recorder:
- timescale: 20ms/div to 2000s/div
- max record time: 9.4hour/screen
- automatic storage of data
- automatic recording for more than 1 year
- markers for time and amplitude
- zoom function

spectrum analyser:
- frequency range: 0 .. 400Hz to 16MHz
- linear or logarithmic timescale
- zoom function

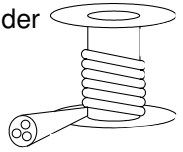
1. Assembly (Skipping this can lead to troubles !)
Ok, so we have your attention. These hints will help you to make this project successful. Read them carefully.

1.1 Make sure you have the right tools:



- A good quality soldering iron (25-40W) with a small tip.

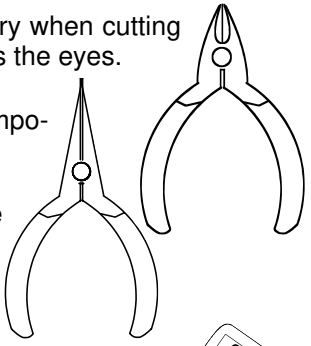
- Wipe it often on a wet sponge or cloth, to keep it clean; then apply solder to the tip, to give it a wet look. This is called 'thinning' and will protect the tip, and enables you to make good connections. When solder rolls off the tip, it needs cleaning.



- Thin raisin-core solder. Do not use any flux or grease.

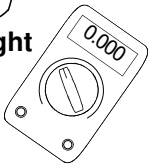
- A diagonal cutter to trim excess wires. To avoid injury when cutting excess leads, hold the lead so they cannot fly towards the eyes.

- Needle nose pliers, for bending leads, or to hold components in place.



- Small blade and Phillips screwdrivers. A basic range is fine.

For some projects, a basic multi-meter is required, or might be handy



1.2 Assembly Hints :

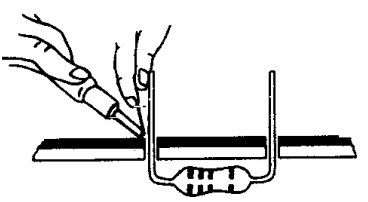
⇒ Make sure the skill level matches your experience, to avoid disappointments.
⇒ Follow the instructions carefully. Read and understand the entire step before you perform each operation.
⇒ Perform the assembly in the correct order as stated in this manual
⇒ Position all parts on the PCB (Printed Circuit Board) as shown on the drawings.
⇒ Values on the circuit diagram are subject to changes.
⇒ Values in this assembly guide are correct*

⇒ Use the check-boxes to mark your progress.
⇒ Please read the included information on safety and customer service

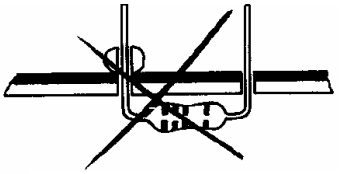
* Typographical inaccuracies excluded. Always look for possible last minute manual updates, indicated as 'NOTE' on a separate leaflet.

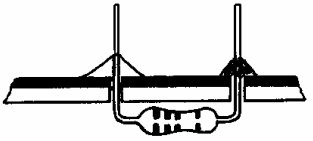
1.3 Soldering Hints :

1- Mount the component against the PCB surface and carefully solder the leads

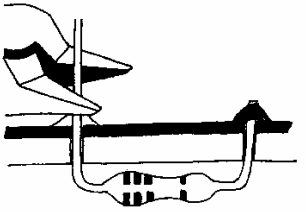


2- Make sure the solder joints are cone-shaped and shiny



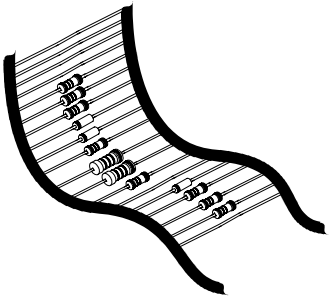


3- Trim excess leads as close as possible to the solder joint



AXIAL COMPONENTS ARE TAPED IN THE CORRECT MOUNTING SEQUENCE !

REMOVE THEM FROM THE TAPE ONE AT A TIME !

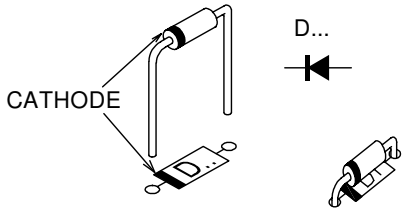


The unit consists out of one main PCB with all the components

☞ **Tip:** The pictures on the packaging can be used as a guideline. However, due to possible changes it is not 100% reliable.

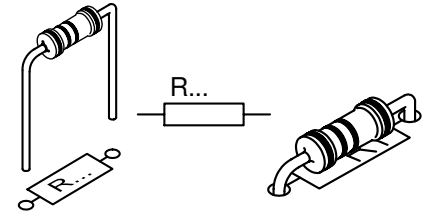
Mount the components in the order described:

1. Diodes (check the polarity)



- ❑ D1: **BAS45A**
- ❑ D2: **BAS45A**
- ❑ D3: 1N4148
- ❑ D4: 1N4148
- ❑ D5: 1N4148
- ❑ D6: 1N4148
- ❑ D7: 1N4148
- ❑ D8: 1N4148
- ❑ D9 : 1N4148
- ❑ D10: 1N4148
- ❑ D11: 1N4148
- ❑ D12: 1N4148
- ❑ D13: 1N4148
- ❑ D14: 1N4148
- ❑ D15: 1N4148
- ❑ D16: **1N4007**

2. Resistors (check the color code)



- ❑ R1 : 150R (1-5-1)
- ❑ R2 : 470R (4-7-1)
- ❑ R3 : 150R (1-5-1)
- ❑ R4 : 47R (4-7-0)
- ❑ R5 : 150R (1-5-1)
- ❑ R6 : 91K (9-1-0-2) 1%
- ❑ R7 : 10K (1-0-3) 1%
- ❑ R8 : 91K (9-1-0-2) 1%
- ❑ R9 : 3R3 (3-3)
- ❑ R10 : 910K (9-1-0-3) 1%
- ❑ R11 : 820R (8-2-0-0) 1%
- ❑ R12 : 2K2 (2-2-2)
- ❑ R13 : 820R (8-2-0-0) 1%
- ❑ R14 : 820R (8-2-0-0) 1%
- ❑ R15 : 820R (8-2-0-0) 1%
- ❑ R16 : 1K8 (1-8-2)
- ❑ R17 : 2K2 (2-2-2)
- ❑ R18 : 820R (8-2-0-0) 1%
- ❑ R19 : 10K (1-0-3) 1%

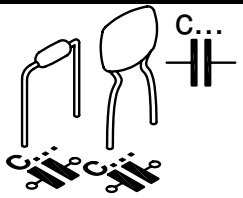
- ❑ R20 : 10K (1-0-3) 1%
- ❑ R21 : 10K (1-0-3) 1%
- ❑ R22 : 10K (1-0-3) 1%
- ❑ R23 : 10K (1-0-3) 1%
- ❑ R24 : 10K (1-0-3) 1%
- ❑ R25 : 10K (1-0-3) 1%

- ❑ R26 : 20K (2-0-0-2) 1%
- ❑ R27 : 20K (2-0-0-2) 1%
- ❑ R28 : 20K (2-0-0-2) 1%
- ❑ R29 : 20K (2-0-0-2) 1%
- ❑ R30 : 20K (2-0-0-2) 1%
- ❑ R31 : 20K (2-0-0-2) 1%
- ❑ R32 : 20K (2-0-0-2) 1%
- ❑ R33 : 20K (2-0-0-2) 1%
- ❑ R34 : 20K (2-0-0-2) 1%

- ❑ R35 : 470R (4-7-1)
- ❑ R36 : 2K2 (2-2-2)
- ❑ R37 : 2K2 (2-2-2)
- ❑ R38 : 2K2 (2-2-2)
- ❑ R39 : 100R (1-0-1)
- ❑ R40 : 150R (1-5-1)
- ❑ R41 : 2K2 (2-2-2)
- ❑ R42 : 2K2 (2-2-2)
- ❑ R43 : 10K (1-0-0-2) 1%

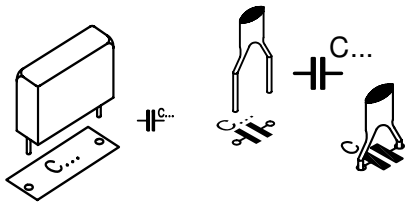
- ❑ R44 : 2K2 (2-2-2)
- ❑ R45 : 820R (8-2-0-0) 1%
- ❑ R46 : 1K8 (1-8-2)
- ❑ R47 : 100R (1-0-1)
- ❑ R48 : 100R (1-0-1)
- ❑ R49 : 100R (1-0-1)
- ❑ R50 : 470R (4-7-1)
- ❑ R51 : 470R (4-7-1)
- ❑ R52 : 470R (4-7-1)
- ❑ R53 : 3R3 (3-3) / 1W

3. Capacitors



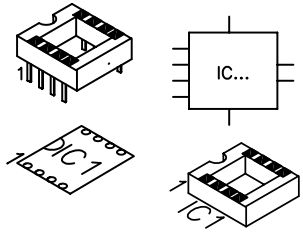
- ❑ C1 : 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- ❑ C3 : 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- ❑ C6 : 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- ❑ C8 : 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- ❑ C9 : 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- ❑ C12 : 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- ❑ C13 : 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- ❑ C18 : 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- ❑ C19 : 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- ❑ C21 : 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- ❑ C24 : 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- ❑ C25 : 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- ❑ C27 : 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- ❑ C28 : 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- ❑ C29 : 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- ❑ C30 : 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- ❑ C31 : 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- ❑ C32 : 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- ❑ C33 : 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- ❑ C34 : 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- ❑ C36 : 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- ❑ C38 : 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- ❑ C39 : 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- ❑ C40 : 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- ❑ C41 : 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- ❑ C45 : 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- ❑ C47 : 100n (104, 0.1, u1)
- ❑ C48 : 100n (104, 0.1, u1)

4. Capacitors



- ❑ C17 : 100p (101)
- ❑ C26 : 100p (101)
- ❑ C10 : 220p (221)
- ❑ C15 : 22p
- ❑ C16 : 22p
- ❑ C22 : 22p
- ❑ C42 : 22p
- ❑ C4 : 2n2 /100V (222, 2200)
- ❑ C20 : 2n2 / 100V (222, 2200)
- ❑ C14 : 2n7 (272, 2700)
- ❑ C5 : 47n/250V (0.047, 473)

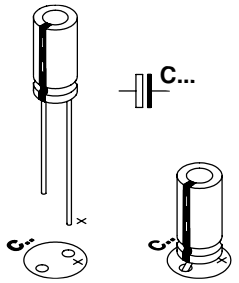
5. IC sockets



- ❑ IC1: 16P
- ❑ IC3: 8P
- ❑ IC4: 24P
- ❑ IC5: 28P
- ❑ IC6: 16P
- ❑ IC7: 16P
- ❑ IC8: 16P
- ❑ IC9: 16P
- ❑ IC10: 16P
- ❑ IC11: 16P
- ❑ IC12: 16P
- ❑ IC13: 24P
- ❑ IC16: 14P
- ❑ IC17: 16P
- ❑ IC18: 8P
- ❑ IC19: 8P
- ❑ IC20: 8P
- ❑ IC21: 8P
- ❑ IC14: 16P
- ❑ IC22: 8P

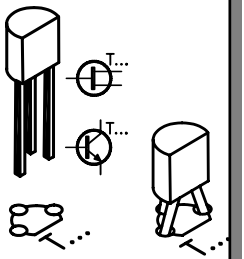
6. Electrolytic capacitors. Check the polarity !

- ❑ C2 : 4µ7
- ❑ C7 : 4µ7
- ❑ C11 : 4µ7
- ❑ C35 : 4µ7
- ❑ C37 : 4µ7
- ❑ C44 : 4µ7
- ❑ C23 : 100µF
- ❑ C43 : 100µF
- ❑ C46 : 100µF

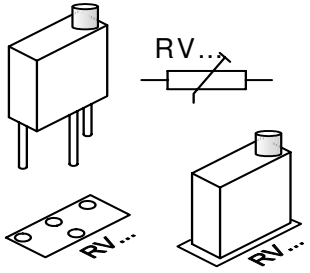


7. Transistor

- ❑ T1 : BC327



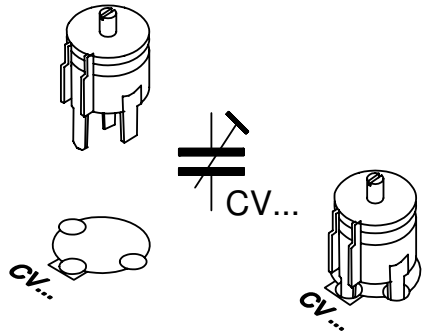
8. Multiturn trimmer



- ❑ RV1: 50R (R50, W500)
- ❑ RV2: 500R (R500, W501)

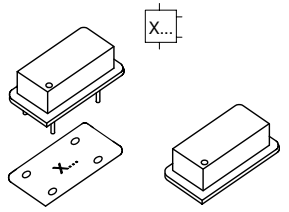
In doubt, measure using an ohm meter between the two outer connections.

9. Trimmer capacitors



- ❑ CV1 : 22p (small type)
- ❑ CV2 : 50p

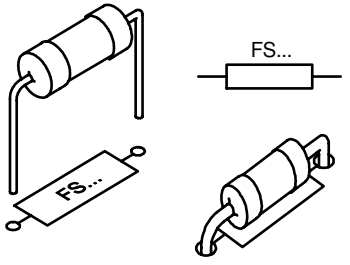
10. Oscillator



- ❑ X1 : 32MHz

Check the position, refer to the PCB lay out.

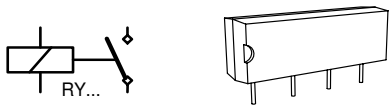
11. Pico fuse



- ❑ FS1 : 1A pico

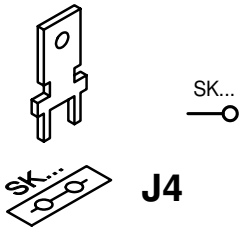
One spare fuse is also supplied

12. Reed relays (check the position of the notch)



- ❑ RY1 : VR05R051AS
- ❑ RY2 : VR05R051AS
- ❑ RY3 : VR05R051AS
- ❑ RY4 : VR05R051AS
- ❑ RY5 : VR05R051AS

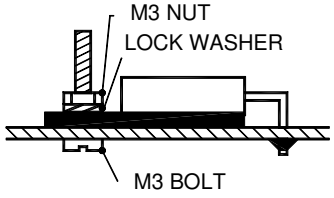
13. PCB tab



- ❑ J4 : PCB tab

This tab serves as square wave output test signal.

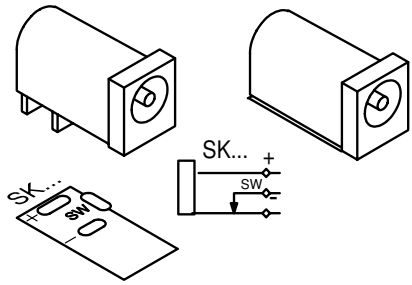
14. Voltage regulator.



- ❑ IC15 : UA7805
  Mount the regulator like in the drawing.

☝ **First** fix the regulator, then solder the connections.

15. DC jack

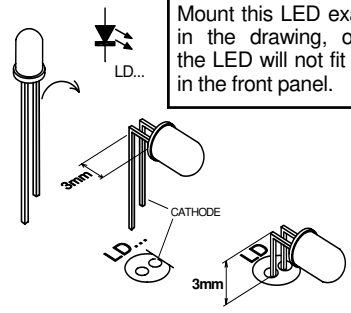


- ❑ J2 : DJ-005

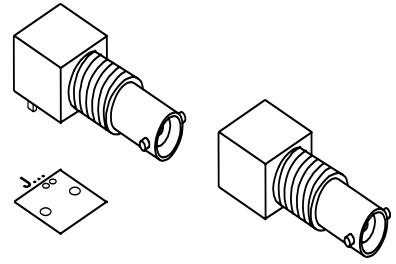
16. Power indication LED, comes later through the front panel

- ❑ LD : 3mm LED

IMPORTANT
Mount this LED exactly like in the drawing, otherwise the LED will not fit correctly in the front panel.



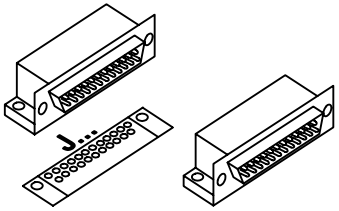
17. BNC connector



- ❑ J1 : BNC

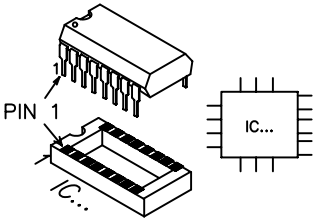
Carefully solder the connections.

18. 25P sub D connector



- ❑ J6 : 25P sub D male

19. IC's check the position !



- ❑ IC1 : 74F161
- ❑ IC3 : OPA2350PA
- ❑ IC4 : TDA8703
- ❑ IC5 : 6264 ; CY7C199.....EQ
- ❑ IC6 : 74HC153
- ❑ IC7 : 74F161
- ❑ IC8 : 74F161
- ❑ IC9 : 74HC595
- ❑ IC10 : 74HC85
- ❑ IC11 : 74HC595
- ❑ IC12 : 74HC595
- ❑ IC13 : VK8031 (PAL22V10)
- ❑ IC14 : 74HC390
- ❑ IC16 : 74HC14
- ❑ IC17 : 74HC390
- ❑ IC18 : 6N136
- ❑ IC19 : 6N136
- ❑ IC20 : 6N136
- ❑ IC21 : 6N136
- ❑ IC22 : 6N136

20. Screen foil preparation

Cut the screening foil like in the drawing.

☞ **Make sure the conductive side is faced downwards !!**

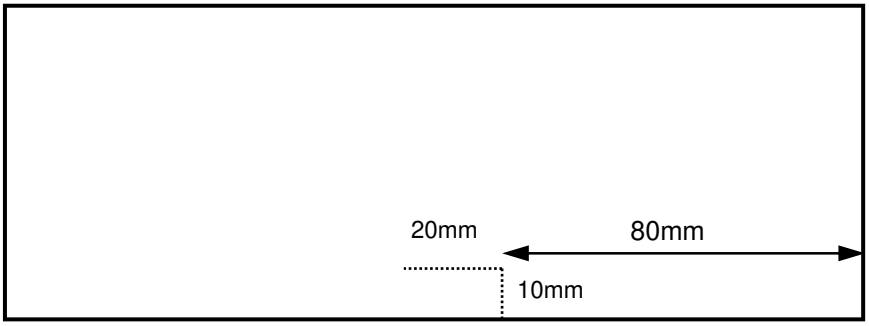


Fig. 1.0

Position the screen foil into the bottom enclosure.
Use some adhesive tape to fix the screen foil

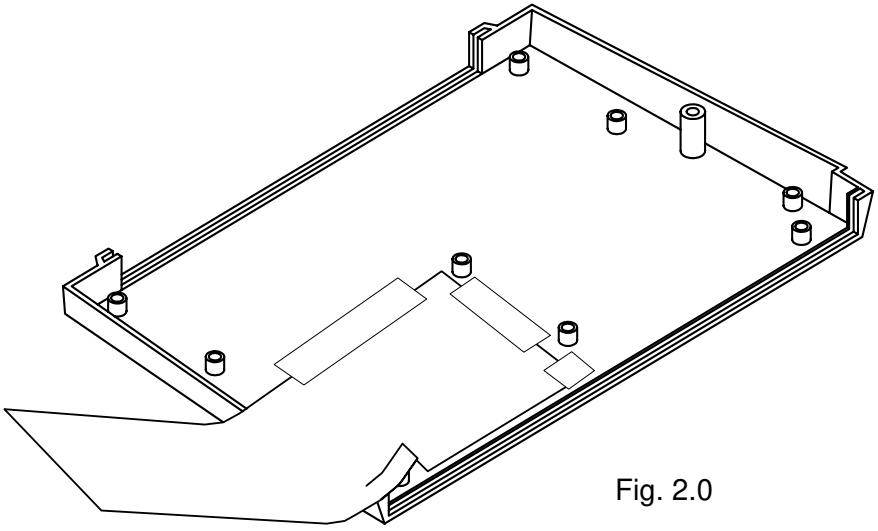


Fig. 2.0

☞ **Make sure the conductive side is faced downwards !!**

21. Voltage regulator and PCB assembly

❑ IC23: 7805 (UA7805P) - *This regulator must be isolated plastic type !*

Mount the voltage regulator on the rear panel and fasten it with the supplied M3 bolt, washer and nut as shown on the drawing. **Make sure to remove the protective foil from the front and rear panel!**

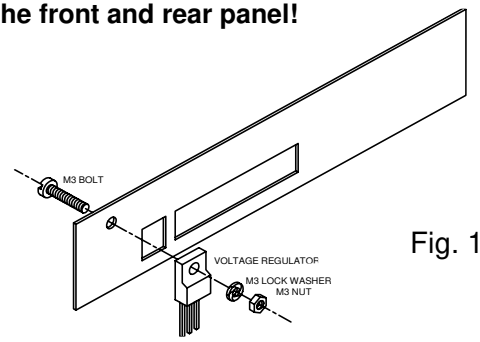


Fig. 1.0

Assemble the enclosure as following:

Position the PCB together with the front and rear panel in the bottom half of the enclosure. Fasten the PCB in the enclosure.

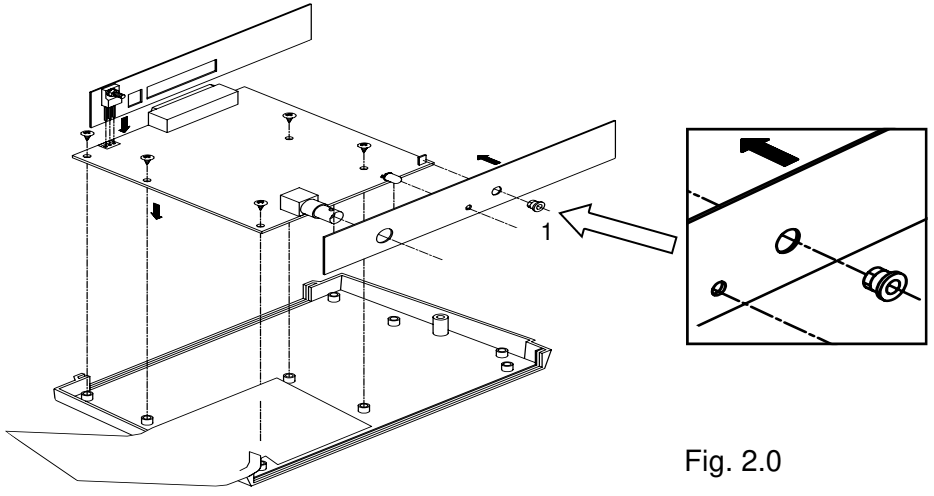


Fig. 2.0

Now the voltage regulator can be soldered at the **component** side of the PCB, **not** at the solder side.
Mount a LED clip into the test signal hole (1).

☞ **See next page for screen foil fixation and position**

22. PCB and screen foil fixation

☞ **Make sure the conductive side is faced downwards !**

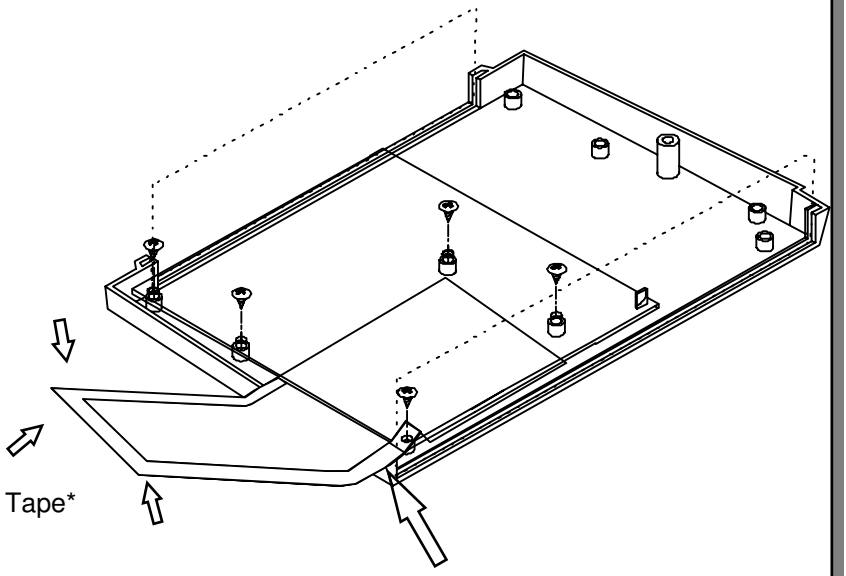
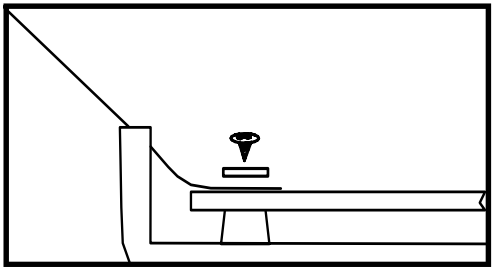


Fig. 1



Fix the screen foil using a washer and screw. (Push the screw through the foil)
The conductive side must make contact with the PCB surface.

☞ * Please note that you should tape both front and back of the three visible edges in order to avoid all contact between the screening foil and the components.

ATTENTION ! : Make sure that the screening foil does not make any electrical contact with the front panel while you are fixing the screening foil to the PCB.

23. Test and adjustment

- Install the PC-Lab2000 software (see getting started manual)
- Connect the unit using a parallel cable to the computer LPT port.
- Connect a 9V/500mA power supply to the unit. (check the polarity). The LED on the front panel should lid.
- Start the PC-Lab2000 software and select K8031 hardware and the appropriate port.
- Short circuit the input using an appropriate probe or connection.
- Press the RUN button.

☞ For all adjustment select DC input and Trigger off

Offset adjustment:
- Make sure that the Y position slider is in the centre position
- Switch always between 1V/div and 3V/div setting
- Adjust RV1 until the signal remains stable in the centre of the screen

Transient adjustment and calibration:
- Select 1V/div
- Connect the input to test point J4
- Adjust CV1 until the signal top is as flat as possible

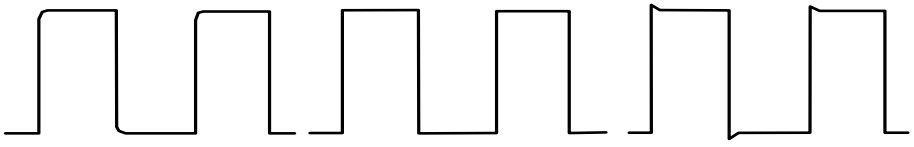


Fig. 1 **NG** **OK** **NG**

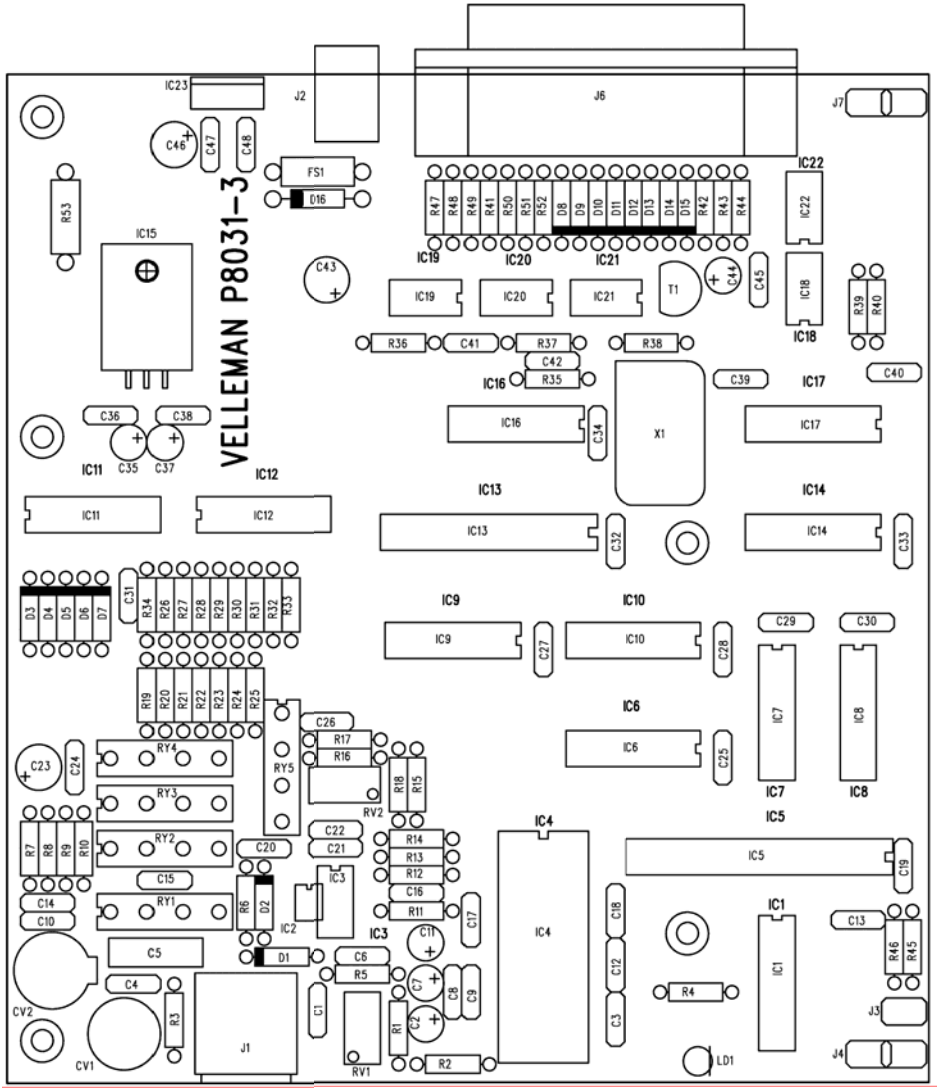
- In the VIEW menu select “RMS value”
- Adjust RV2 until the signal is 2.5Vrms
- Select 0.3V/div
- Connect the input to test point J3
- Using the Y position slider set the signal in the centre of the screen
- Adjust CV2 until the signal top is as flat as possible

Repeat the transient adjustment and calibration at least once.

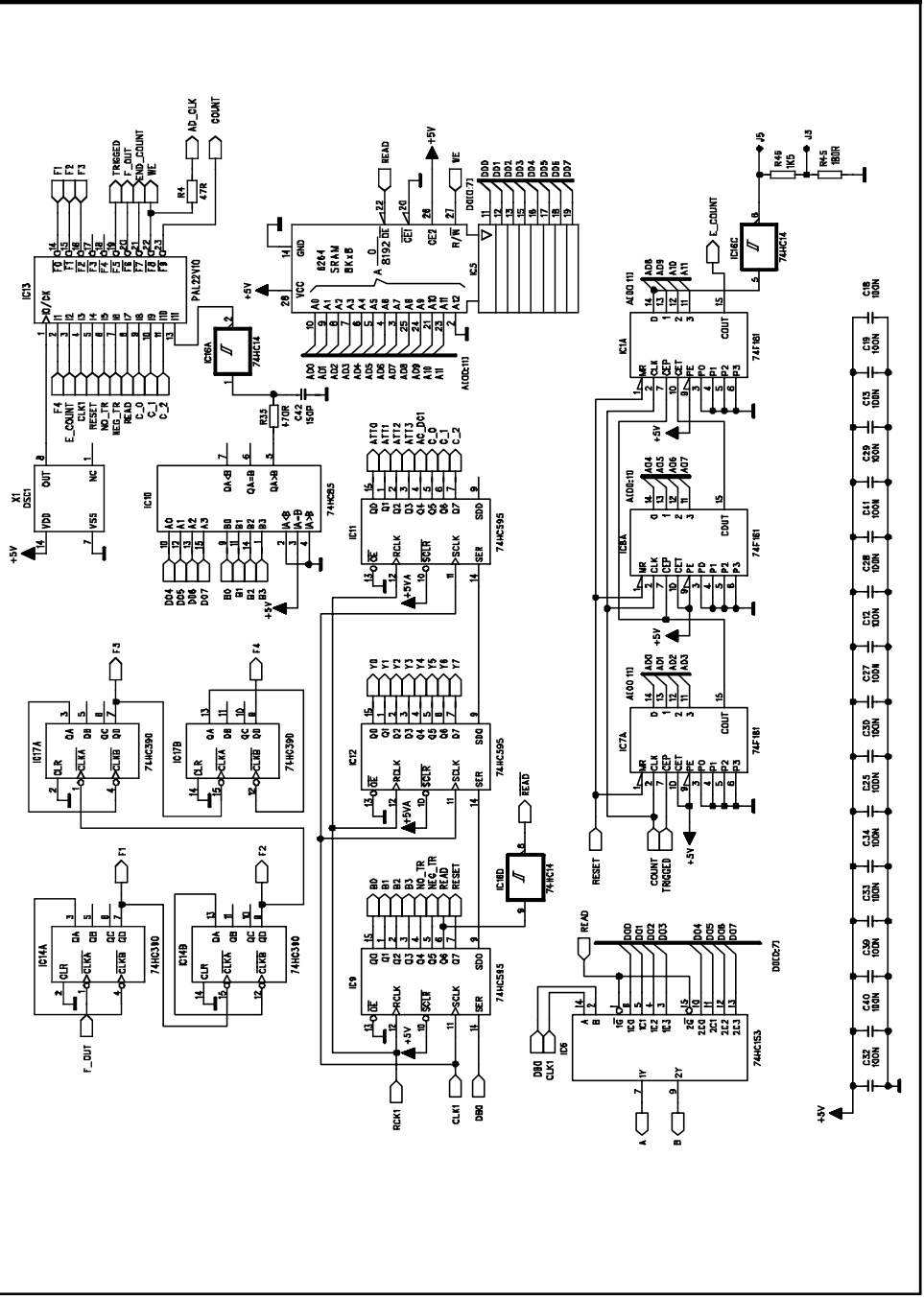
Finally use the calibrate and exit option in the File menu to complete the calibration. Mount the cover onto the enclosure (fold the screen foil).

The unit is now ready for use. Check the CD for more information.

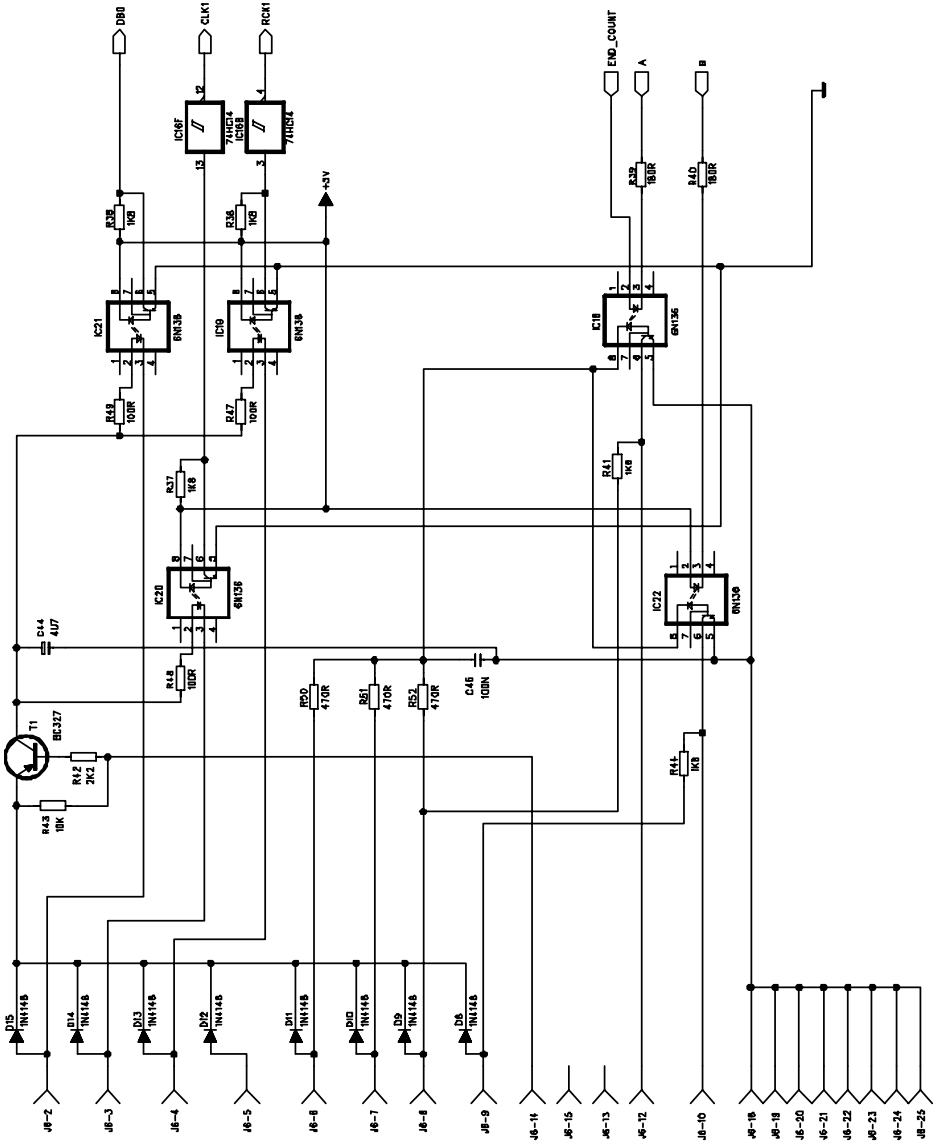
24. PCB


VELLEMAN P8031-3
IC23
J2
J6
J7
C46
C47
C48
FS1
D16
IC22
R53
IC15
C43
IC19
IC20
IC21
T1
C44
C45
IC18
R39
R40
R36
C41
R37
C42
R35
R38
IC16
C39
IC17
C40
C36
C38
C35
C37
IC11
IC12
X1
C34
IC13
IC14
C32
C33
C31
D3
D4
D5
D6
D7
R34
R26
R27
R28
R29
R30
R31
R32
R33
IC9
IC10
C27
C28
C29
C30
R19
R20
R21
R22
R23
R24
R25
IC6
C25
IC7
IC8
C26
R17
R16
RY4
RY3
RY2
RY1
RY5
C23
C24
R18
R15
RV2
R7
R8
R9
R10
C22
C21
R14
R13
R12
C16
R11
IC4
IC5
C19
C20
C15
C14
C10
R6
D2
IC2
IC3
C17
C11
C18
IC1
C13
C5
D1
C6
R5
C12
R4
R46
R45
C4
C7
C8
C9
C1
C2
R1
C3
J3
CV2
R3
J1
RV1
R2
LD1
J4
CV1

25. Digital selection

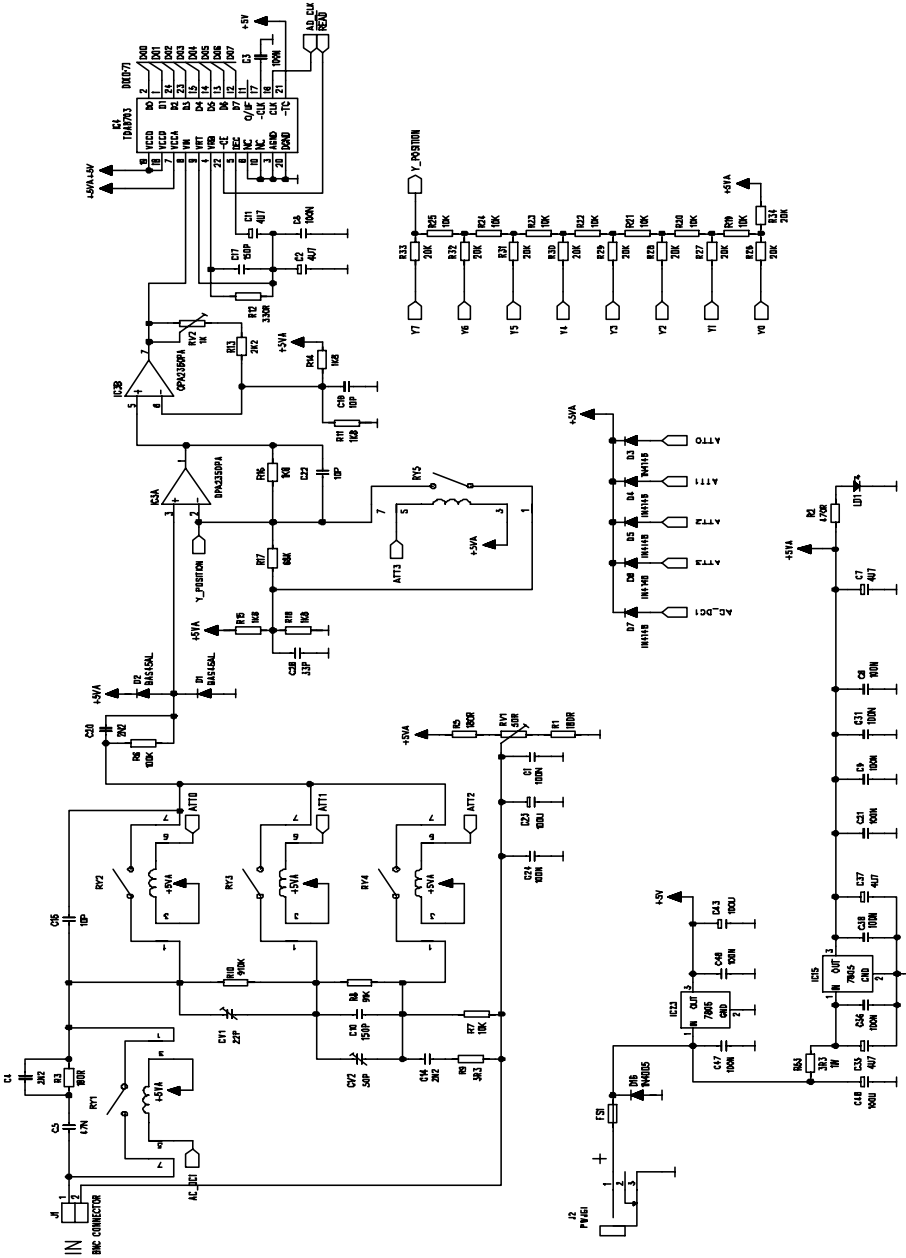


26. Opto Coupler selection



 Values are for reference only

27. Input selection



© Velleman Kit Values are for reference only

Note :

Note :

VELLEMAN KIT NV
Legen Heirweg 33
9890 Gavere
Belgium Europe
Info ?: http://www.velleman.be
Questions ?: support@velleman.be

H8031IP - 2003 - ED1